Year 4 Block 4 RE Knowledge Organiser - Why do we celebrate certain milestones in our lives?

Vocabulary	
1. Milestone	A significant stage in a person's life.
2. Baptism	The Christian ceremony of sprinkling water on to a person's forehead or immersing them in water - admission to the Christian Church.
3. Christening	A Christian ceremony in which a baby is given a Christian name at baptism as a sign of admission to a Christian Church.
4. Secular	Not connected with anything religious or spiritual.
5. Humanism	A secular belief in the importance of humans, rather than any god.
6. Baby-naming	At event at which a person is officially assigned a name.
7. Ceremony	A formal religious or public occasion, especially one celebrating a particular event, achievement, or anniversary.
8. Marriage	The union of two people as partners in a personal relationship
9. Devotion	Love, loyalty, or enthusiasm for a person or activity (or religious practice).
10. Funeral	A ceremony held shortly after a person's death, usually including the person's burial or cremation.
11. Reverend	A member of the Christian Church who performs certain religious ceremonies and duties.
12. Celebrant	A person who performs humanist services, such as non-religious weddings, funerals, child naming ceremonies and other rituals.
13. Heaven	A place, according to some religions, where God lives and where good people go after death.
14. Remembrance	A memory or recollection.
15. Epitaph	A phrase written in memory of a person who has died - often this is inscribed on a tombstone.
16. Tombstone	A large, flat inscribed stone standing or laid over a grave.

Did you know that Humanist ideas were discussed in Ancient Greece, from Thales to Anaxagoras and Protagoras.

Christian Milestones Secular Milestones 1. Baptism/Christening 1. Baby-naming 1. The Baptism welcomes the baby to The ceremony, which can take the church. place anywhere, welcomes the 2. The baby's parents and godparents baby into the world. promise to raise the child as a 2. It focusses on the child and their Christian and to teach it to abide by family. God's law. 3. The baby is officially named. 3. At a Christening, the child is given 4. Promises are made to teach the their Christian name. child to respect others and the 4. The ceremony takes place in a world and to take responsibility for their own church. actions.

2. Marriage

- 1. Christians believe that their wedding not only ioins the couple together but reflects and strengthens the bond between the couple and Jesus (God).
- 2. It is conducted by a Reverend.
- 3. It usually takes place in a church.

2. Marriage

- A humanist wedding is a nonreligious ceremony that reflects the humanist beliefs and values of the couple.
- It is conducted by a celebrant who shares their beliefs and
- 3. It can take place anvwhere.

3. Funeral

- 1. Christian funerals are led by a Reverend.
- 2. They remember the life of the person who has died.
- 3. They give comfort to people in the belief that their loved one will be 3. with God in Heaven.

3. Funeral

values.

- 1. A secular funeral is led by a celebrant.
- 2. It focusses on the person's life, as Humanists don't believe in an afterlife.
- Comfort is found by remembering the good things the person did in this life.

